

Take a piece of paper. Find the mistakes in the text below. Then, scroll down to see the corrected and upgraded versions below.

Passage 8: “Native American People and Their Culture”

Native American peoples was living in America long before the Europeans come. They had many tribes, each with there own languages, traditions and beliefs. Some tribes lived in deserts, others in forests or near rivers. They hunted animals and growed crops like corn and beans. The life was simple but full of spirituals meaning. Elders was respected and told stories to teach the youngs about history and nature.

When settlers arrived, many natives was forced to leave they lands. Treaties was signed but often broken, leading to conflicts and suffering. Some tribes was moved to reservations, where they struggled to keep there culture alive. Over time, many traditions was lost or changed.

Today, Native Americans continues to fight for rights and recognition. They celebrates powwows, dances and ceremonies to honor their ancestors. Art, music and storytelling is still important in their communities. Even though they faced many hardships, Native peoples have showed strength and pride. Their history is a important part of American identity and should be remembered and respected by everyone.

Corrected Version: “Native American People and Their Culture”

Native American **people were** living in America long before the Europeans **came**. They had many tribes, each with **their** own languages, traditions, and beliefs. Some tribes lived in deserts, others in forests or near rivers. They hunted animals and **grew** crops like corn and beans. **Life** was simple but full of **spiritual** meaning. **Elders were** respected and told stories to teach the **young** about history and nature.

When settlers arrived, many natives **were** forced to leave **their** lands. Treaties **were** signed but often broken, leading to conflicts and suffering. Some tribes **were** moved to reservations, where they struggled to keep **their** culture alive. Over time, many traditions **were** lost or changed.

Today, Native Americans **continue** to fight for rights and recognition. They **celebrate** powwows, dances, and ceremonies to honor their ancestors. Art, music, and storytelling **are** still important in their communities. Even though they faced many hardships, Native **people** have **shown** strength and pride. Their history is **an** important part of American identity and should be remembered and respected by everyone.

Upgraded Version

Native American Heritage: A Legacy of Strength and Spirit

Long before the arrival of European settlers, Native American peoples inhabited the vast landscapes of North America. They formed diverse tribes, each with its own language, customs, and spiritual beliefs. From deserts to forests and riverbanks, these communities adapted to their environments through hunting, fishing, and cultivating crops such as corn and beans. Life was rooted in simplicity, deep respect for nature, and rich spiritual meaning. Elders held a revered role, passing down wisdom through storytelling and guiding younger generations in understanding history and the natural world.

The arrival of settlers marked a painful turning point. Many Native Americans were forcibly displaced from their ancestral lands. Treaties were signed but frequently broken, leading to widespread conflict and suffering. Entire tribes were relocated to reservations, where they faced immense challenges in preserving their cultural identity. Over time, many traditions were altered or lost under pressure from assimilation policies and systemic marginalization.

Despite these hardships, Native American communities continue to demonstrate resilience and pride. Today, they honor their heritage through **powwows, ceremonial dances, and cultural festivals** that celebrate ancestral traditions. **Art, music, and storytelling** remain vital expressions of identity and community. Native peoples also advocate for **rights, recognition, and sovereignty**, striving to protect their lands, languages, and ways of life.

Their history is not only a testament to endurance but also a foundational part of American identity. It deserves to be remembered, respected, and taught with honesty and reverence. By acknowledging the past and supporting Native voices, we contribute to a more inclusive and truthful understanding of the nation's heritage.

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